MINDFULNESS AND INTERNET ADDICTION

iii

Abstract

With the increase of accessibility of the Internet, high prevalence of Internet addiction (IA)

among Hong Kong youth was reported. Previous studies found that mindfulness-based

interventions may be an effective way to prevent IA. However, little is known about the

mechanism behind the effect of mindfulness on IA. The aim of this study is to investigate the

mediating effect of impulsivity, a characteristic feature of addiction, on the association

between trait mindfulness and IA among young adults in Hong Kong, and thereby to explore

whether mindfulness practice can be a potential prevention for IA via reduced impulsivity.

310 Hong Kong young adults aged 18 to 35 were invited to complete an online questionnaire

measuring trait mindfulness, trait impulsivity and level of IA. Findings revealed significant

negative relationship between mindfulness and IA. Multiple regression analysis and Sobel

test demonstrated the full mediating role of impulsivity regarding the effect of mindfulness

on IA. Findings from this study improve our understanding of how mindfulness relates to

level of IA. Results suggest that a mindful person will be less impulsive and therefore less

likely to have IA, supporting that mindfulness practice can be a preventive of IA. Future

studies should focus on examining the long-term effects of mindfulness on IA and

investigating the optimal intensity of mindfulness exercise for effective IA prevention.

Keywords: mindfulness, Internet addiction, impulsivity, mediation, young adults